Fill in this information to identify your case:					
Debtor 1	Lorena L. Hod	ges			
	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name		
Debtor 2					
(Spouse, if filing	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name		
United States	Bankruptcy Court for	the: Eastern District of I	Гехаѕ		
Case number	24-10223		•		
(If known)					

Official Form 427

Cover Sheet for Reaffirmation Agreement

12/15

Anyone who is a party to a reaffirmation agreement may fill out and file this form. Fill it out completely, attach it to the reaffirmation agreement, and file the documents within the time set under Bankruptcy Rule 4008.

F	art 1: Explain the Re	epayment Terms of the Reaffirmation Agreement	
1.	Who is the creditor?	21st Mortgage Corporation	
		Name of the creditor	
2.	How much is the debt?	On the date that the bankruptcy case is filed \$	56,043.08
		To be paid under the reaffirmation agreement \$	56,043.08
		\$_685.69 per month for 221 months (if fixed inter	rest rate)
3.	What is the Annual Percentage Rate (APR) of interest? (See	Before the bankruptcy case was filed 8.332	%
	Bankruptcy Code § 524(k)(3)(E).)	Under the reaffirmation agreement8.332	%
4.	Does collateral secure the debt?	☐ No. ☑ Yes. Describe the collateral. 2020 Kabco M	anufactured Home
		Current market value \$56,043.	08
5.	Does the creditor assert that the debt is nondischargeable?	✓ No☐ Yes. Attach an explanation of the nature of the debt a	and the basis for contending that the debt is nondischargeable.
6.	Using information from Schedule I: Your Income	Income and expenses reported on Schedules I and J	Income and expenses stated on the reaffirmation agreement
	(Official Form 106I) and Schedule J: Your Expenses (Official Form 106J), fill in the amounts.	6a. Combined monthly income from line 12 of Schedule I	6e. Monthly income from all sources \$ 2669, 40 after payroll deductions
	,	6b. Monthly expenses from line 22c of _ \$ $2000000000000000000000000000000000000$	after payroll deductions 6f. Monthly expenses - \$ 2646.
		6c. Monthly payments on all reaffirmed debts not listed on Schedule J	6g. Monthly payments on all reaffirmed debts not included in monthly expenses
		6d. Scheduled net monthly income \$ 3	6h. Present net monthly income \$ 33.6
		Subtract lines 6b and 6c from 6a.	Subtract lines 6f and 6g from 6e.
		If the total is less than 0, put the number in brackets.	If the total is less than 0, put the number in brackets.

Debtor	1

Lorena L. Hodges	

Case number (if known) 24-10223

7. Are the income amounts on lines 6a and 6e different?	Yes. Explain why they are different and complete line 10	
		<u> </u>
8. Are the expense amounts on lines 6b and 6f different?	☑ No ☐ Yes. Explain why they are different and complete line 10	
Is the net monthly income in line 6h less than 0?	Yes. A presumption of hardship arises (unless the creditor is a credit unic Explain how the debtor will make monthly payments on the reaffirme Complete line 10.	on). ed debt and pay other living expenses.
,		
		•
10. Debtor's certification about lines 7-9	I certify that each explanation on lines 7-9 is true and correct.	
If any answer on lines 7-9 is Yes, the debtor must sign here.	* *	
If all the answers on lines 7-9 are No, go to line 11. `	Signature of Debtor 1 Signature of	Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Case)
11. Did an attorney represent the debtor in negotiating the reaffirmation agreement?	t No Yes. Has the attorney executed a declaration or an affidavit to support the No Yes	reaffirmation agreement?
Part 2: Sign Here		
Whoever fills out this form must sign here.	I certify that the attached agreement is a true and correct copy of the reaff parties identified on this Cover Sheet for Reaffirmation Agreement.	firmation agreement between the
	* Is Soldhumen	_{Date} 06/04/2024
	Signature	MM / DD / YYYY
	Josh Williamson Printed Name	· •
	Check one:	
•	Debtor or Debtor's Attorney	
	Creditor or Creditor's Attorney	·
	- Country of Ordality & Attorney	

Check one.

Presumption of Undue Hardship

No Presumption of Undue Hardship

See Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation, Part II below, to determine which box to check.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

Eastern District of Texas

Lorena L. Hodges In re	Com. N
Debtor ,	Case No. <u>24-10223</u>
	Chapter 7
REAFFIRMATION DOCUMI	ENTS
Name of Creditor: 21st Mortgage Corporation	
Check this box if Creditor is a Credit Union	
PART I. REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT	
Reaffirming a debt is a serious financial decision. Before entering Agreement, you must review the important disclosures, instruction this form.	into this Reaffirmation as, and definitions found in Part V of
A. Brief description of the original agreement being reaffirmed:Ma	nufactured Home Loan
	For example, auto loan
B. <i>AMOUNT REAFFIRMED</i> : \$ 56,043.08	<u> </u>
The Amount Reaffirmed is the entire amount that you are agree unpaid principal, interest, and fees and costs (if any) arising on which is the date of the Disclosure Statement portion of this for	or before05/16/2024 ,
See the definition of "Amount Reaffirmed" in Part V, Section (C below.
C. The ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE applicable to the Amount R	eaffirmed is8.3320 %.
C. The ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE applicable to the Amount R See definition of "Annual Percentage Rate" in Part V, Section	·
	C below.

disclosed here.

D. Reaffirma	tion Agreement Repar	yment Terms (check and comp	lete one):		
	\$ 685.69 per mon	th for 221 months star	ting on 06/01/2024	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Describe repayment the initial payment a	terms, including whether fu	ture payment amount(s) may be different from	
E. Describe t	he collateral, if any, s	ecuring the debt:			
	Description:	2020 Kabco Manuf	actured Home		
	Current Market Valu		56,043.08		
		med arise from the purchase			
Yes	s. What was the purcl	nase price for the collateral?	\$	62,886.90	
No	. What was the amou	ant of the original loan?	\$		
G. Specify the debt and any r	e changes made by the related agreement:	is Reaffirmation Agreement Terms as of the	to the most recent cree	edit terms on the reaffirm	ec
		Date of Bankruptcy	Reaffirmation		
<i>fees d</i> Annua	ce due (including and costs) I Percentage Rate ly Payment	\$56,043.08 8.3320 % \$685.69	\$56,0 8.3320_% \$685.69	43.08	
this Re	eaffirmation Agreeme	or is agreeing to provide you nt. Describe the credit limit erms on future purchases an	, the Annual Percenta	ge Rate that applies to	:h
V					
PART II.	DEBTOR'S STAT	TEMENT IN SUPPORT	OF REAFFIRMA	TION AGREEMENT	ı
A. Were you r	represented by an attor	rney during the course of ne	gotiating this agreeme	ent?	
Check	one. Yes	No	,		
B. Is the credi	tor a credit union?				
Check	one. Yes	No		:	

to

1.	Your present monthly income and expenses are:	
	a. Monthly income from all sources after payroll deductions (take-home pay plus any other income)	s_2669.°
	b. Monthly expenses (including all reaffirmed debts except this one)	s_2669.° s_1960.31 s_708.69 s_685.69
	c. Amount available to pay this reaffirmed debt (subtract b. from a.)	s <u>708.69</u>
	d. Amount of monthly payment required for this reaffirmed debt	s <u>685.69</u>
	If the monthly payment on this reaffirmed debt (line d.) is greater than pay this reaffirmed debt (line c.), you must check the box at the top of of Undue Hardship." Otherwise, you must check the box at the top of	page one that says "Presumption
2.	Presumption of Undue Hardship." You believe that this reaffirmation agreement will not impose an undudenendents because:	e hardship on you or your
2.	You believe that this reaffirmation agreement will not impose an undu dependents because:	e hardship on you or your
2.	You believe that this reaffirmation agreement will not impose an undu	ecause your monthly income is
2.	You believe that this reaffirmation agreement will not impose an undu dependents because: Check one of the two statements below, if applicable: You can afford to make the payments on the reaffirmed debt be greater than your monthly expenses even after you include in your	ecause your monthly income is your expenses the monthly wen though your monthly income
2.	You believe that this reaffirmation agreement will not impose an undu dependents because: Check one of the two statements below, if applicable: You can afford to make the payments on the reaffirmed debt be greater than your monthly expenses even after you include in y payments on all debts you are reaffirming, including this one. You can afford to make the payments on the reaffirmed debt exis less than your monthly expenses after you include in your expenses.	ecause your monthly income is your expenses the monthly wen though your monthly income

Also, check the box at the top of page one that says "No Presumption of Undue Hardship."

make the payments on the reaffirmed debt.

You believe this Reaffirmation Agreement is in your financial interest and you can afford to

Date ______ 29 2024

Union.

PART III. CERTIFICATION BY DEBTOR(S) AND SIGNATURES OF PARTIES

Ι	here	by	certify	that:

- (1) I agree to reaffirm the debt described above.
- Before signing this Reaffirmation Agreement, I read the terms disclosed in this Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I) and the Disclosure Statement, Instructions and Definitions included in Part V below;
- (3) The Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation Agreement (Part II above) is true and complete;
- (4) I am entering into this agreement voluntarily and am fully informed of my rights and responsibilities; and
- (5) I have received a copy of this completed and signed Reaffirmation Documents form.

Signature Lugar Lector Wedot

SIGNATURE(S) (If this is a joint Reaffirmation Agreement, both debtors must sign.):

Date	Signature	Debtor O		·
		Joint Debtor, if any		
Reaffirm	nation Agreement Terms Accepted	l by Creditor:		
Creditor	21st Mortgage Corporation	PO Box 477 Knoxville, TN 37901		
	Print Name	Address		* *
	Josh Williamson	A A Minara	06/04/24	
-	Print Name of Representative	Signature	Date	
	V. CERTIFICATION BY DEBTO To be filed only if the attorney represen	,	egotiating this a	agreement.
this agree	certify that: (1) this agreement represent does not impose an undue hard sed the debtor of the legal effect and t.	Iship on the debtor or any depende	ent of the debt	or; and (3) I have
A pres	umption of undue hardship has been the debtor is able to make the requir	established with respect to this ag	greement. In n	ny opinion,

Check box, if the presumption of undue hardship box is checked on page 1 and the creditor is not a Credit

Signature of Debtor's Attorney

Print Name of Debtor's Attorney

PART V. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND INSTRUCTIONS TO DEBTOR(S)

Before agreeing to reaffirm a debt, review the terms disclosed in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I above) and these additional important disclosures and instructions.

Reaffirming a debt is a serious financial decision. The law requires you to take certain steps to make sure the decision is in your best interest. If these steps, which are detailed in the Instructions provided in Part V, Section B below, are not completed, the Reaffirmation Agreement is not effective, even though you have signed it.

A. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

- 1. What are your obligations if you reaffirm a debt? A reaffirmed debt remains your personal legal obligation to pay. Your reaffirmed debt is not discharged in your bankruptcy case. That means that if you default on your reaffirmed debt after your bankruptcy case is over, your creditor may be able to take your property or your wages. Your obligations will be determined by the Reaffirmation Agreement, which may have changed the terms of the original agreement. If you are reaffirming an open end credit agreement, that agreement or applicable law may permit the creditor to change the terms of that agreement in the future under certain conditions.
- 2. Are you required to enter into a reaffirmation agreement by any law? No, you are not required to reaffirm a debt by any law. Only agree to reaffirm a debt if it is in your best interest. Be sure you can afford the payments that you agree to make.
- 3. What if your creditor has a security interest or lien? Your bankruptcy discharge does not eliminate any lien on your property. A "lien" is often referred to as a security interest, deed of trust, mortgage, or security deed. The property subject to a lien is often referred to as collateral. Even if you do not reaffirm and your personal liability on the debt is discharged, your creditor may still have a right under the lien to take the collateral if you do not pay or default on the debt. If the collateral is personal property that is exempt or that the trustee has abandoned, you may be able to redeem the item rather than reaffirm the debt. To redeem, you make a single payment to the creditor equal to the current value of the collateral, as the parties agree or the court determines.
- 4. How soon do you need to enter into and file a reaffirmation agreement? If you decide to enter into a reaffirmation agreement, you must do so before you receive your discharge. After you have entered into a reaffirmation agreement and all parts of this form that require a signature have been signed, either you or the creditor should file it as soon as possible. The signed agreement must be filed with the court no later than 60 days after the first date set for the meeting of creditors, so that the court will have time to schedule a hearing to approve the agreement if approval is required. However, the court may extend the time for filing, even after the 60-day period has ended.
- 5. Can you cancel the agreement? You may rescind (cancel) your Reaffirmation Agreement at any time before the bankruptcy court enters your discharge, or during the 60-day period that begins on the date your Reaffirmation Agreement is filed with the court, whichever occurs later. To rescind (cancel) your Reaffirmation Agreement, you must notify the creditor that your Reaffirmation Agreement is rescinded (or canceled). Remember that you can rescind the agreement, even if the court approves it, as long as you rescind within the time allowed.

- 6. When will this Reaffirmation Agreement be effective?
 - a. If you were represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement and
 - i. if the creditor is not a Credit Union, your Reaffirmation Agreement becomes effective when it is filed with the court unless the reaffirmation is presumed to be an undue hardship. If the Reaffirmation Agreement is presumed to be an undue hardship, the court must review it and may set a hearing to determine whether you have rebutted the presumption of undue hardship.
 - ii. if the creditor is a Credit Union, your Reaffirmation Agreement becomes effective when it is filed with the court.
 - b. If you were not represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement, the Reaffirmation Agreement will not be effective unless the court approves it. To have the court approve your agreement, you must file a motion. See Instruction 5, below. The court will notify you and the creditor of the hearing on your Reaffirmation Agreement. You must attend this hearing, at which time the judge will review your Reaffirmation Agreement. If the judge decides that the Reaffirmation Agreement is in your best interest, the agreement will be approved and will become effective. However, if your Reaffirmation Agreement is for a consumer debt secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, security deed, or other lien on your real property, like your home, you do not need to file a motion or get court approval of your Reaffirmation Agreement.
- 7. What if you have questions about what a creditor can do? If you have questions about reaffirming a debt or what the law requires, consult with the attorney who helped you negotiate this agreement. If you do not have an attorney helping you, you may ask the judge to explain the effect of this agreement to you at the hearing to approve the Reaffirmation Agreement. When this disclosure refers to what a creditor "may" do, it is not giving any creditor permission to do anything. The word "may" is used to tell you what might occur if the law permits the creditor to take the action.

B. INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Review these Disclosures and carefully consider your decision to reaffirm. If you want to reaffirm, review and complete the information contained in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I above). If your case is a joint case, both spouses must sign the agreement if both are reaffirming the debt.
- 2. Complete the Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation Agreement (Part II above). Be sure that you can afford to make the payments that you are agreeing to make and that you have received a copy of the Disclosure Statement and a completed and signed Reaffirmation Agreement.
- 3. If you were represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement, your attorney must sign and date the Certification By Debtor's Attorney (Part IV above).
- 4. You or your creditor must file with the court the original of this Reaffirmation Documents packet and a completed Reaffirmation Agreement Cover Sheet (Official Bankruptcy Form 427).
- 5. If you are not represented by an attorney, you must also complete and file with the court a separate document entitled "Motion for Court Approval of Reaffirmation Agreement" unless your Reaffirmation Agreement is for a consumer debt secured by a lien on your real property, such as your home. You can use Form 2400B to do this.

C. DEFINITIONS

- 1. "Amount Reaffirmed" means the total amount of debt that you are agreeing to pay (reaffirm) by entering into this agreement. The total amount of debt includes any unpaid fees and costs that you are agreeing to pay that arose on or before the date of disclosure, which is the date specified in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I, Section B above). Your credit agreement may obligate you to pay additional amounts that arise after the date of this disclosure. You should consult your credit agreement to determine whether you are obligated to pay additional amounts that may arise after the date of this disclosure.
- 2. "Annual Percentage Rate" means the interest rate on a loan expressed under the rules required by federal law. The annual percentage rate (as opposed to the "stated interest rate") tells you the full cost of your credit including many of the creditor's fees and charges. You will find the annual percentage rate for your original agreement on the disclosure statement that was given to you when the loan papers were signed or on the monthly statements sent to you for an open end credit account such as a credit card.
- 3. "Credit Union" means a financial institution as defined in 12 U.S.C. § 461(b)(1)(A)(iv). It is owned and controlled by and provides financial services to its members and typically uses words like "Credit Union" or initials like "C.U." or "F.C.U." in its name.